Patient Name : Mrs. TULSHI

Age/Gender : 20 YRS /F

UHID/MR No : ADEL.0003446619

Barcode No : C9387241
Ref Doctor : Dr.SELF
Ref Customer : SELF

Specimen Drawn ON : 07/Oct/2025 10:00AM Specimen Received ON : 07/Oct/2025 06:39PM Report Date : 07/Oct/2025 09:31PM

Client Code : DL2977

Visit ID : MDEL3449188
Client Name : JITM SKILLS PVT.LTD.

DEPARTMENT OF MATERNAL MARKER									
Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method					
DOUBLE MARKER(FIRST TRIMESTER SCR	REENING)								
Clinical Details									
Birth Day	11/11/2005		Age						
Age At Term	20.4 years								
Maternal Weight	38.4 kg	Kg							
Gestational Age By BPD	-								
Gestational Age By USG	-								
Gestational Age By CRL	11 weeks 5 days								
Scan Date	06/10/2025								
Gestational Age By LMP	-								
LMP Date	-								
Previous trisomy	-								
Pregnancy	Singleton								
Dibetes melitus	No								
Smoking	No								
IVF	No								
Result of Measured val, Risk Val									
Mom Papp A	2.21								
Mom HCG	1.38								
Mom Nuchal Translucency	0.95								
Risk Factor									
Age Risk at term	1:1480								
Trisomy 21 Risk With Nt	<1:50000								
Risk for Trisomy 13/18 (With NT)	1:99000								

Cut off levels in various disorders and detection rate

ABNORMALITY CUT OFF DETECTION RATE FALSE POSITIVE

TRISOMY-21 1:250 Approximately 85% 5-10% TRISOMY -13/18 1:100 Approximately 85 % 5-10%

Useful For

Prenatal screening for Down syndrome (nuchal translucency, pregnancy-associated plasma protein A, human chorionic gonadotropin) and trisomy 18 (nuchal translucency, pregnancy-associated plasma protein A, human chorionic gonadotropin).

DR. PAWAN KUMAR
Phd. BIOCHEMISTRY
CONSULTANT BIOCHEMIST

DR. ANIL GUPTA
M.B.B.S , M.D. (PATH)
SR. CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST
REGD. NO. 5015

This report has been validated by:

DR. NEERU AGARWAL M.B.B.S , M.D. (PATH) LAB HEAD REGD NO. 21087



QR CODE Page 1 of 3

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DEPARTMENT OF MATERNAL MARKER

Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Range Method

Clinical Information

Multiple marker serum screening has become a standard tool used in obstetric care to identify pregnancies that may have an increased risk for certain birth defects such as Down syndrome and trisomy 18. Second-trimester multiple marker screening has been well established for over a decade. During 2002 through 2006, firsttrimester screening has been established as an alternative option of equal or better performance compared with the best second-trimester screening programs.

The first-trimester screen is performed by measuring analytes in maternal serum that are produced by the fetus and the placenta. Additionally, the nuchal translucency (NT) measurement is a sonographic marker shown to be effective in screening fetuses for Down syndrome. A mathematical model is used to calculate a risk estimate by combining the analyte values, NT measurement, and maternal demographic information. The laboratory establishes a specific cutoff for each condition, which classifies each screen as either screen-positive or screen-negative. A screen-positive result indicates that the value obtained exceeds the established cutoff. A positive screen does not provide a diagnosis, but indicates that further evaluation should be considered.

Serum Analytes

Human chorionic gonadotropin (total/free beta-hCG):

hCG is a glycoprotein consisting of alpha and beta subunits. hCG is synthesized by placental cells starting very early in pregnancy and serves to maintain the corpus luteum and, hence, progesterone production during the first trimester. Thereafter, the concentration of hCG begins to fall as the placenta begins to produce steroid hormones and the role of the corpus luteum in maintaining pregnancy diminishes. Increased total /free hCG levels are associated with an increased risk for Down syndrome.

Pregnancy-associated plasma protein A (PAPP-A):

PAPP-A is a 187 kDA protein comprised of 4 subunits: 2 PAPP-A subunits and 2 pro-major basic protein (proMBP) subunits. PAPP-A is a metalloproteinase that cleaves insulin-like growth factor-binding protein-4 (IGFBP-4), dramatically reducing IGFBP-4 affinity for IGF1 and IGF2, thereby regulating the availability of these growth factors at the tissue level. PAPP-A is highly expressed in first-trimester trophoblasts, participating in regulation of fetal growth. Levels in maternal serum increase throughout pregnancy. Low PAPP-A levels before the 14th week of gestation are associated with an increased risk for Down syndrome and trisomy 18.

Nuchal translucency (NT):

The NT measurement, an ultrasound marker, is obtained by measuring the fluid-filled space within the nuchal region (back of the neck) of the fetus. While fetal NT measurements obtained by ultrasonography increase in normal pregnancies with advancing gestational ag, Down syndrome fetuses have larger NT measurements than gestational age-matched normal fetuses. Increased fetal NT measurements can therefore serve as an indicator of an increased risk for Down syndrome.

Interpretation

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Pawan Kumar

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DEPARTMENT OF MATERNAL MARKER

Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Range Method

Screen-Negative:

A screen-negative result indicates that the calculated screen risk is below the established cutoff of 1/250 for Down syndrome and 1/100 for trisomy 18. A negative screen does not guarantee the absence of trisomy 18 or Down syndrome. Screen-negative results typically do not warrant further evaluation.

Screen-Positive:

When a Down syndrome risk cutoff of 1/250 is used for follow-up, the combination of maternal age, pregnancy-associated plasma protein A, human chorionic gonadotropin, and nuchal translucency has an overall detection rate of approximately 85% with a false-positive rate of 5% to 10%. In practice, both the detection rate and false-positive rate increase with age, thus detection and positive rates will vary depending on the age distribution of the screening population.

Cautions:

Upon receiving maternal serum screening results, all information used in the risk calculation should be reviewed for accuracy (eg, maternal date of birth, demographics, sonographic information). If any information is incorrect, the laboratory should be contacted for a recalculation of the estimated risks. This test does not screen for neural tube defects.

Variables Affecting Marker Levels:

- All serum marker multiple of medians are adjusted for maternal weight (to account for dilution effects in heavier mothers). The estimated risk calculations and screen results are dependent on accurate information for gestation, maternal age, and weight. Inaccurate information can lead to significant alterations in the estimated risk.
- A screen-negative result does not guarantee the absence of fetal defects. A screen-positive result does not provide a diagnosis, but indicates that further diagnostic testing should be considered (an unaffected fetus may have screen-positive result for unknown reasons). In fact, given the low prevalence of Down syndrome, the majority of women with a positive screen will not have a Down syndrome fetus.
- In twin pregnancies, the risk for Down syndrome is approximated, using twin-adjusted medians. A specific risk for trisomy 18 cannot be calculated; therefore, results for trisomy 18 are reported as either screen-negative or screen-positive. Risks for triplets and higher multiples cannot be calculated.

Note-A positive screen must be followed with triple/quadruple screen, NIPT (non-invasive prenatal testing) or an amniocentesis test along with imaging studies.

*** End Of Report ***

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CONSULTANT BIOCHEMIST

Pawan Kumar

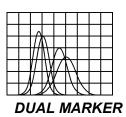
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PATIENT INFORMATION

NAME: Mrs. TULSHI PATIENT CODE: C9387241 DOB: 11/11/2005 (DDMMYYYY)

LMP: PHYSICIAN:

SPECIMENRECEIVED: 07/10/2025SPECIMEN CODE: NAREFERRING LAB #: NACOLLECTION DATE: 07/10/2025REPORTED: 07/10/2025

CLINICAL INFORMATION

GESTATIONAL AGE: 11 weeks 5 days from CRL of 51.0 mm on 06/10/2025

MATERNAL AGE AT TERM: 20.4 years

MATERNAL WEIGHT: 38.4 kg (corrected for 40.8 kg)

MATERNAL RACE: INDIAN

MATERNAL HISTORY: IDDM(N), SMOKER(N), RH(N), VPA(U), SSRI(U),

CBZ(U), IVF(N)

GESTATION: Singleton

SCREENING STATUS: Initial sample

PARA / GRAVIDA: 0 / 1

Assay	Results	MoM	DOWN SYNDROME			TRISOMY 18/13			
PAPP-A	1793.50 ng/mL	2.21	Higher	serum screen	age only		Higher	serum screen	background risk
hCG (T1)	140.1 IU/ml	1.38	Risk			1:10	Risk		1:1
NT	1.3 mm	0.95							
NB:	Present		1:250			1:100	1:100		1:1(
Risk Asse	ssment (at tern	n)	1.200			— 1:1000			1:10
Down Synd	drome <	<1:50000				1:1000			1:10
Age alone		1:1480	LOWEI			4.40000	Lower		4.40
Equivalent Age Ris Trisomy 18/13	nt Age Risk 3	<15.0 1:99000	Risk			- 1:10000 	Risk		1:100
•				<1:50000	1:1480			1:99000	1:12955

Interpretation*

DOWN SYNDROME Screen Negative

The risk of Down syndrome is LESS than the screening cut-off.

TRISOMY 18/13 Screen Negative

The risk of Trisomy 18/13 is less than the screening cut-off.

Comments:

Accuracy of gestational age is essential for valid interpretation.

Reviewed by:

Printed 07/10/2025 21:28:41 Page 1/1