

JITM Diagnostics

Patient data			
Name	MRS. MARAGONI UMA		Patient ID
Birthday	10/08/1994		Sample ID
Age at sample date	30.6		Sample Date
Gestational age	12 + 5		
Correction factors			
Fetuses	1	IVF	no
Weight	62	diabetes	no
Smoker	no	Origin	Asian
		Previous trisomy 21 pregnancies	no
Biochemical data		Ultrasound data	
Parameter	Value	Corr. MoM	
PAPP-A	10.4 mIU/ml	2.49	Gestational age
fb-hCG	28.6 ng/ml	0.66	Method
Risks at sampling date			CRL Robinson
Age risk			31/03/2025
Biochemical T21 risk			Crown rump length in mm
Combined trisomy 21 risk			Nuchal translucency MoM
Trisomy 13/18 + NT			Nasal bone
			Sonographer
			Qualifications in measuring NT
			Trisomy 21
The graph shows the relationship between maternal age and the risk of trisomy 21. The y-axis represents risk (1:10 to 1:10000) and the x-axis represents age (13 to 49). A red area indicates risk above the cut-off, a yellow area indicates risk below the cut-off but above the age risk, and a green area indicates risk below the age risk. A vertical line at age 31 indicates the patient's age risk.			The calculated risk for Trisomy 21 (with nuchal translucency) is below the cut off, which indicates a low risk. After the result of the Trisomy 21 test (with NT) it is expected that among more than 10000 women with the same data, there is one woman with a trisomy 21 pregnancy. The calculated risk by PRISCA depends on the accuracy of the information provided by the referring physician. Please note that risk calculations are statistical approaches and have no diagnostic value! The patient combined risk presumes the NT measurement was done according to accepted guidelines (Prenat Diagn 18: 511-523 (1998)). The laboratory can not be hold responsible for their impact on the risk assessment ! Calculated risks have no diagnostic value!
Trisomy 13/18 + NT			
The calculated risk for trisomy 13/18 (with nuchal translucency) is < 1:10000, which represents a low risk.			

Sign of Physician